SAFETY DATA SHEET



HPS SAE 10W-30

Section 1. Identif	fication		
GHS product identifier	: HPS SAE 10W-30		
Product code	: 301899175017		
Other means of	: Not available.		
identification			
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses			
Not applicable.			
Uses advised against	Reason		
None known.			
Supplier's details	: Calumet Branded Products, LLC 2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Drive Suite 200 Indianapolis, IN 46214 USA Technical Services:317-328-5660		
Emergency telephone number	: 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887		
Section 2. Hazard	ds identification		
OSHA/HCS status	: Fhis material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Warning		
Hazard statements	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Precautionary statements			
General	 Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. 		
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor.		
Response	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.		
Storage	: Not applicable.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.		

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥50 - ≤75	64742-54-7
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	≥10 - ≤25	68037-01-4
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≤10	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	≤10	64742-56-9
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤10	64742-55-8
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	≤5	72623-87-1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	≤3	64742-46-7
Reaction products of benzenesulfonic acid, mono-c20-24 (even)-sec-alkyl derivs. para-, calcium salts	≤1	-
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	<0.025	121158-58-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	

Most important symptoms/effects	acute and	delayed
Potential acute health effects		

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Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First a	umeasures
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: M ay cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: \mathbf{M} a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral]
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	[Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely
	refined]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil
	mist, mineral]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL
	MIST MINERAL]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	[Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely
	refined]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil
	mist, mineral]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL
	MIST MINERAL]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraminic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	[Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely
	refined]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil
	mist, mineral]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL
	MIST MINERAL]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL
	MIST MINERAL]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL
	MIST MINERAL]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	As total hydrocarbon vapor: 200 mg/m ³ 8
	hours.
Reaction products of benzenesulfonic acid, mono-c20-24 (even)-sec-	None.
alkyl derivs. para-, calcium salts	
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	None.
Biological exposure indices	

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Individual protection me	easures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Discusional estate								
Physical state	:	Liquid.						
Color	:	Purple. [Dark]						
Odor	:	Not available.						
Odor threshold	:	Not available.						
pH	:	Not available.						
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.						
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.						
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 172.06°	C (341.7°	F) [Pens	ky-Martens]			
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						
Flammability	:	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosion imit/flammability limit	:	Not available.						
-								
	:		Vapo	r Pressu	ire at 20°C	Vap	oor press	ure at 50°C
	:	Ingredient name	Vapo mm Hg	1	re at 20°C Method	Var mm Hg	oor press kPa	ure at 50°C
Vapor pressure	:	Ingredient name		1		mm		1

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Relative density	4	0.8693				
Solubility(ies)	1	Media	Result			
			Not soluble Not soluble			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
		Stillates (petroleum), hydrotreate middle	ed 225	437		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.				
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 5	6.98 mm²/s	s (56.98 cSt)		
Flow time (ISO 2431)	1	Not available.				
Pour point	1	-48°C (-54.4°F)				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
☑istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

	- 3			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2.18 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>5266 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Sec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>its</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the pl Eye contact	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics : No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
₱istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	5.7
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
5	Acute IC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEL >1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	Acute LC50 4.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Distillates (petroleum),	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours

Section 12. Ecological information

hydrotreated light paraffinic			
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Lubricating oils (petroleum),	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
C20-50, hydrotreated neutral		_	
oil-based			
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Reaction products of	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
benzenesulfonic acid, mono-		-	
c20-24 (even)-sec-alkyl			
derivs. para-, calcium salts			
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	EC50 0.037 mg/l	Daphnia	2 days
	LC50 40 mg/l	Fish	4 days
	NOEC 0.0037 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Reaction products of benzenesulfonic acid, mono- c20-24 (even)-sec-alkyl derivs. para-, calcium salts Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test - OECD 301B Ready	8 % - Not readily - 2 56 % - Not readily - 25 % - 28 days	Ĩ	-	-
	Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
♥istillates (petroleum),	-		-		Not readily
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	-		-		Inherent
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral	-		-		Inherent
oil-based Reaction products of benzenesulfonic acid, mono- c20-24 (even)-sec-alkyl	-		-		Not readily
derivs. para-, calcium salts Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	-		-		Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential	
Sistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	>6	-		High	
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	>6.5	-		High	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	2 to 6	-		High	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	>6	-		High	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	>6	-		High	
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Section 12. Ecological information				
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	6.1	1601	High	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods :	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: FSCA 8(a) PAIR : naphthalene
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts; zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	<u>in ingredients</u>
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Section 15. Regulatory information

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	≥10 - ≤25	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed light paraffinic	≤10	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤10	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Reaction products of benzenesulfonic acid, mono- c20-24 (even)-sec-alkyl derivs. para-, calcium salts	≤1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

State regulations

Massachusetts	1	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	;	None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to Di-isodecyl phthalate, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. Information provided is based on industrial use and may not be relevant to consumer applications.

	Concentration (%)	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
píi-isodecyl phthalate	0.55	-	Yes.

International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
New Zealand	: At least one component is not listed.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.

: Not determined.

Viet Nam

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification	
KIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1		Calculation method	
History			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 04/14/2023		
Date of previous issue	: 12/14/2022		
Version	: 10		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition c MARPOL = International Convention for the Prever	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.